# I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Trademarks, 2200 Crystal Drive, Arlington Virginia Certificate of Mailing 22202-3514 on June 1, 2004

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

In the Matter of Registration No. 2,684,138: PAVERCAT	
Registered on the Principal Register on February 4, 2003, in International Class	7

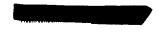
CATERPILLAR INC.,		)	
	Petitioner,	)	
v.		) Cancellation No. 4	1,776
PAVE TECH, INC.	.,	) ) )	
	Registrant.	)	

## CATERPILLAR'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF ITS MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Instead of arguing why Caterpillar's Motion for Protective Order should not be granted, Pave Tech asserts several baseless excuses for its failure to serve any deposition notices until the end of discovery and for its reneging of an agreement to extend the discovery schedule. Pave Tech claims that it failed to serve its first deposition notices a year after the start of discovery because Caterpillar did not timely send Pave Tech a settlement proposal it allegedly promised to send in February, 2004. Waiting for a settlement proposal does not excuse either Pave Tech's delay in filing its deposition notices or the fact that it did not give Caterpillar reasonable notice of the depositions. Moreover, Pave Tech attempts to excuse its refusal to extend the discovery period by claiming that the depositions requested by Caterpillar were unnecessary and untimely. Neither is true. None of these arguments are grounds for denying Caterpillar's Motion for Protective Order. Therefore, Caterpillar requests that the Board grant its Motion for

Protective Order.



II. ARGUMENT

A. <u>It was not reasonable for Pave Tech to delay serving its first</u> deposition notices until two weeks before the end of discovery and then to refuse to extend the discovery period.

Discovery in this action opened on April 11, 2003. Exhibit A, Order opening Discovery. Over one year after that date, Pave Tech served its first deposition notices. Exhibit B, Pave Tech Deposition Notices. Pave Tech claims that it delayed serving its deposition notices because Caterpillar's attorney allegedly stated on February 23, 2004 that it would send a settlement proposal "shortly". Response, p. 2-3. Caterpillar, however, never stated that it would send a settlement proposal "shortly." Caterpillar's attorney told Pave Tech's attorney that it intended to send a settlement proposal after receiving and reviewing the transcripts from both Mr. Jones' deposition on February 23 and Mr. Cramer's deposition on February 24<sup>th</sup>. Exhibit C, Dec. of Mary Innis. Caterpillar did not receive these transcripts until well into March and then Caterpillar still had to review the transcripts. Moreover, Pave Tech's counsel indicated that he did not want to discuss settlement until he had a chance to review the deposition transcripts See Exhibit C, Dec. of Mary Innis.

Even if Caterpillar had stated that it would send the settlement proposal "shortly," Pave Tech cannot rely upon that statement as an excuse for failing to serve its deposition notices until the eleventh hour of discovery. Since Caterpillar did not allegedly assert that it would be sending the settlement agreement until 10 months after discovery started, this excuse does not explain Pave Tech's initial delay in serving the deposition notices.

Moreover, Caterpillar's willingness to consider settlement options does not excuse Pave Tech's failure to immediately serve the depositions after Caterpillar's initial

depositions on February 23<sup>rd</sup> -24<sup>th</sup>. If Pave Tech intended to depose any of Caterpillar's witnesses after Caterpillar's initial depositions, it still had to give Caterpillar reasonable notice of those depositions pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 30. Pave Tech did not give Caterpillar such notice. The "reasonableness" requirement under Rule 30 "must be determined in light of the facts and circumstances of the individual case." Davidson v. Dean, 204 F.R.D. 251 (S.D.N.Y. 2001). Based upon the facts and circumstances in this case. Pave Tech did not give Caterpillar reasonable notice for several reasons. First, even though discovery had been on-going for over a year, Pave Tech failed to give Caterpillar any written notice of the upcoming depositions until April 21st over a year after discovery opened and with only two weeks remaining in discovery. Exhibit C, Dec. of Mary Innis. Pave Tech had no reason for waiting a year and then demanding that Caterpillar produce at least three witnesses with only two weeks notice. Second, it would have been impossible for the parties to complete the depositions before the end of discovery because the requested depositions would have required more than three deponents and would have spanned over multiple states. Pave Tech's notice requested the deposition of a witness in Minneapolis, a witness in Peoria and a 30(b)(6) deposition on the three consecutive days before the end of discovery. Because of the breadth of the twenty-eight 30(b)(6) deposition topics, Caterpillar would have had to identify multiple witnesses to cover all of these topics. It is very possible that not all of these witnesses would be located in Peoria. In fact, one of the witnesses may be located in Texas. Exhibit C, Dec. of Mary Innis. Therefore, it was not reasonable for Pave Tech to expect Caterpillar to produce at least 5 witnesses in three different states in the last three days of discovery with only two weeks notice after over a year of discovery.

Third, Pave Tech knew that its request to depose these witnesses on such short notice was not reasonable. That is why Pave Tech offered in the e-mail accompanying the notices of deposition to reschedule to deposition dates. Exhibit D, April 21<sup>st</sup> Pave Tech e-mail. Fourth, Pave Tech's later refusal to reschedule these depositions or to extend the discovery period compounded any scheduling problems and is an additional reason why Pave Tech's notice was unreasonable. *See* Exhibit E, Declaration of Nerissa Coyle McGinn. Because Pave Tech has no excuse for its failure to give Caterpillar reasonable notice of its depositions and for its failure to adhere to its prior agreement to reschedule the depositions at a mutually convenient time, the Board should grant Caterpillar's request for a protective order.

#### B. Caterpillar's deposition notices were necessary.

Pave Tech attempts to justify its refusal to extend the discovery period by claiming that the depositions of Glenn Wrobleski and Dale Sopkowiak were "admittedly unnecessary" and "retailiatory in nature." Response, p. 5. Both of these claims are false. First, Pave Tech bases its argument that the depositions were unnecessary on Caterpillar's April 28<sup>th</sup> settlement proposal letter. In that letter, Caterpillar stated that "Caterpillar believes that the [February 23 and 24] deposition testimony established that there is a likelihood of confusion." Exhibit F, April 28 Caterpillar letter. This statement does not admit that the requested deposition testimony was unnecessary. In fact, the deposition testimony of Glenn Wrobeleski and Dale Sopkowiak could be essential to Caterpillar's case. Both of these witnesses were identified as people who had direct contact via telephone and at trade shows with consumers who possibly could be confused between the Caterpillar

Marks and the PAVERCAT mark. Exhibit C, Dec. of Mary Innis. This type of actual confusion evidence could be the lynch pin in Caterpillar's case and therefore cannot be deemed by Pave Tech as "unnecessary."

Second, Caterpillar's request for these depositions was not retaliatory. Pave Tech incorrectly claims that Caterpillar first requested these depositions after Pave Tech served its notice of depositions. This is not true. At the February 23-24 depositions – almost two months before Pave Tech served its notices of depositions - Caterpillar told opposing counsel that it intended to take the depositions of Glen Wrobeleski and Dale Sopkowiak. Exhibit C, Dec. of Mary Innis. Moreover, since that time Caterpillar consistently conveyed to opposing counsel that Caterpillar intended to take these noticed depositions if the parties did not reach a settlement of this matter in the interim. Exhibit G, April 22 Caterpillar E-mail. Therefore, Pave Tech has long had notice of Caterpillar's intent to take the noticed depositions and in no way were the requests for these depositions in response to Pave Tech's deposition notices.

#### C. Caterpillar's deposition notices were timely.

Pave Tech argues that Caterpillar's deposition notices were not timely. As set forth more fully in Caterpillar's Motion for Protective Order, Pave Tech reneged on its agreement to extend the discovery period. Based upon its telephone conference with Pave Tech, Caterpillar believed that Pave Tech had already agreed to a 30 day extension of the discovery period when it served its deposition notices. *See* Exhibit E, Dec. of Nerissa Coyle McGinn. Based upon that belief, Caterpillar noticed up the two depositions during the agreed upon 30 day extension period. Thus, Caterpillar properly

noticed these depositions within the 30 day extension period. If Pave Tech had not reneged on its agreement, then Caterpillar's deposition notices would have been timely.

Pave Tech claims that it never agreed to the 30 day extension of the discovery period. To support that claim, Pave Tech attached two declarations describing attorney-client communications to which Caterpillar was not privy. Pave Tech's instructions to its attorney are not relevant. Whether or not Pave Tech's counsel had permission to agree to a 30 day extension of the discovery period, Pave Tech's counsel communicated to Caterpillar that it would agree to the extension and Caterpillar timely noticed the depositions accordingly. It is pointless for Pave Tech to refute the fact that it agreed to a 30 day extension with conversations and instructions to which Caterpillar had no knowledge.

#### III. CONCLUSION

Because Pave Tech has no excuse for its failure to give Caterpillar reasonable notice of the requested depositions or for its refusal to extend the discovery period, Caterpillar respectfully requests that the Board issue a Protective Order to prevent the May 3-5 depositions sought by Pave Tech in this action from proceeding on the date noticed and to allow the parties to reschedule all of the depositions noticed up during the discovery period after the Board has granted Caterpillar's Motion for Extension of Time.

Dated: June 1, 2004

LOEB & LOEB LLP

By: Mary E. Innis

Nerissa Coyle McGinn

200 South Wacker Drive, Suite 3100

Chicago, Illinois 60606

Telephone: (312) 674-4780 Facsimile: (312) 674-4779

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Nerissa Coyle McGinn, hereby certify that I caused a copy of the foregoing CATERPILLAR'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF ITS MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER to Michael J. O'Loughlin, Michael J. O'Loughlin & Associates, P.A., 400 South 4<sup>th</sup> Street, 1012 Grain Exchange Building, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55415 and Rebecca Jo Bishop, Altera Law Group LLC, 6500 City West Parkway, Suite 100, Minneapolis, MN 55344, via first class mail, postage prepaid on June 1, 2004.

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Trademark Trial and Appeal Board 2900 Crystal Drive Arlington, Virginia 22202-3513

Mailed: March 22, 2003



Pave Tech, Inc.

15354 Flag Avenue P.O. Box 576 Prior Lake, MN 55372

Cancellation No. 92041776 Reg. No. 2684138

NERISSA COYLE MCGINN
PATTISHALL, MCAULIFFE, NEWBURY, HILLIARD & GERALDSON
311 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE - SUITE 5000
CHICAGO, IL 60606

CATERPILLAR INC.

V.

Pave Tech, Inc.

#### LATRICIA HARRISON, LEGAL ASSISTANT:

A petition, a copy of which is attached, has been filed to cancel the above-identified registration.

Proceedings will be conducted in accordance with the Trademark Rules of Practice.

ANSWER IS DUE FORTY DAYS after the mailing date hereof. (See Patent and Trademark Rule 1.7 for expiration date falling on Saturday, Sunday or a holiday).

Proceedings will be conducted in accordance with the Trademark Rules of Practice, set forth in Title 37, part 2, of the Code of Federal Regulations. The parties are reminded of the recent amendments to the Trademark Rules that became effective October 9, 1998. See Notice of Final Rulemaking published in the Official Gazette on September 29, 1998 at 1214 TMOG 145. Slight corrections to the rules, resulting in a correction notice, were published in the Official Gazette on October 20, 1998 at 1215 TMOG 64.

EXHIBIT A

A copy of the recent amendments to the Trademark Rules, as well as the *Trademark Trial and Appeal Board Manual of Procedure* (TBMP), is available at http://www.uspto.gov.

#### Discovery and testimony periods are set as follows:

Discovery period to open: April 11, 2003

Discovery period to close: October 08, 2003

30-day testimony period for party in position of plaintiff to close: January 06, 2004

30-day testimony period for party in position of defendant to close: March 06, 2004

15-day rebuttal testimony period for plaintiff to close: April 20, 2004

A party must serve on the adverse party a copy of the transcript of any testimony taken during the party's testimony period, together with copies of documentary exhibits, within 30 days after completion of the taking of such testimony. See Trademark Rule 2.125.

Briefs shall be filed in accordance with Trademark Rule 2.128(a) and (b). An oral hearing will be set only upon request filed as provided by Trademark Rule 2.129.

NOTE: The Board allows parties to utilize telephone conferences to discuss or resolve many interlocutory matters that arise in inter partes cases. See the Official Gazette notice titled "Permanent Expansion of Telephone Conferencing on Interlocutory Matters in Inter Partes Cases Before the Trademark Trial and Appeal Board," 1235 TMOG 68 (June 20, 2000). A hard copy of the Official Gazette containing this notice is available for a fee from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402 (Telephone (202) 512-1800). The notice is also available at http://www.uspto.gov. Interlocutory matters which the Board agrees to discuss or decide by phone conference may be decided adversely to any party which fails to participate.

If the parties to this proceeding are also parties to other Board proceedings involving related marks or, during the pendency of this proceeding, they become parties to such proceedings, they should notify the Board immediately, so that the Board can consider consolidation of proceedings.

In the Matter of Registration No. 2,684,138: PAVERCAT Registered on the Principal Register on February 4, 2003, in International Class 7

CATERPILLAR INC.	<b>,</b>	)
	Petitioner,	<b>)</b>
V.		Cancellation No. 41,776
PAVE TECH, INC.,		ý
	Registrant.	)

# B

#### NOTICE OF DEPOSITION

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, on May 3, 2004, commencing at 9:30 a.m. and continuing until completed, Registrant, Pave Tech, Inc., will depose on oral examination Terry G. Sharp of Caterpillar Paving Products, Inc., a subsidiary of Caterpillar, Inc., located at 9401 85<sup>th</sup> Avenue North, Brooklyn Park, Minnesota 55445. The deposition will be held at the offices of Altera Law Group, LLP located at 6500 City West Parkway, Suite 100, Eden Prairie, MN 55344, or at such other place and time as counsel may agree. The deposition will take place pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure before a notary public or before some other officer authorized by law to administer oaths by the laws of the United States or of the place where the examination is held, with such adjournments as to time and place as may be necessary. Counsel for Caterpillar is invited to attend and cross-examine.

Respectfully submitted,

PAVE TECH, INC.

By its attorneys,

Dated: April 21, 2004

Rebecca Jo Bishop (MN Bar No. 298,165) Karen D. McDaniel (MN Bar No. 194,554)

ALTERA LAW GROUP 6500 City West Parkway



Suite 100 Eden Prairie, MN 55344 Telephone: (952) 253-4100

Fax: (952) 912-0574

Michael J. O'Loughlin (MN Bar No. 81,607) MICHAEL J. O'LOUGHLIN & ASSOC, P.A. 400 South 4<sup>th</sup> Street 1012 Grain Exchange Building Minneapolis, MN 55415 Telephone: (612) 342-0351

X.32.78

Fax: (612) 342-2399

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Rebecca J. Bishop, hereby certify that on this 21<sup>st</sup> day of April, 2004, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document, NOTICE OF DEPOSITION, was served via e-mail delivery and first class mail postage prepaid on:

Mary E. Innis
Nerissa Coyle McGinn
LOEB & LOEB LLP
200 South Wacker Drive
Suite 3100
Chicago, Illinois 60606
(312) 674-4780
minnis@loeb.com
nmcginn@loeb.com

Septemb

Rebecca J. Bishop

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AVERCAT y 4, 2003, in International Class 7
)
)
) Cancellation No. 41,776
) )
) )

#### NOTICE OF DEPOSITION

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, on May 4, 2004, commencing at 9:30 a.m. and continuing until completed, Registrant, Pave Tech, Inc., will depose on oral examination Gene Bolmarcich, Caterpillar's Senior Intellectual Property Attorney, Caterpillar, Inc. located at 100 Northeast Adams Street, Peoria, IL 61602. The deposition will be held at the offices of Howard & Howard Attorneys, P.C., One Technology Plaza, Suite 600, 211 Fulton Street, Peoria, Illinois 61602-1350, or at such other place and time as counsel may agree. The deposition will take place pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure before a notary public or before some other officer authorized by law to administer oaths by the laws of the United States or of the place where the examination is held, with such adjournments as to time and place as may be necessary. Counsel for Caterpillar is invited to attend and cross-examine.

Respectfully submitted,

PAVE TECH, INC.

By its attorneys,

Dated: April 21, 2004

Rebecca Jo Bishop (MN Bar No. 298,165) Karen D. McDaniel (MN Bar No. 194,554)

ALTERA LAW GROUP 6500 City West Parkway

Suite 100 Eden Prairie, MN 55344 Telephone: (952) 253-4100 Fax: (952) 912-0574

Michael J. O'Loughlin (MN Bar No. 81,607) MICHAEL J. O'LOUGHLIN & ASSOC, P.A. 400 South 4<sup>th</sup> Street 1012 Grain Exchange Building Minneapolis, MN 55415 Telephone: (612) 342-0351

Fax: (612) 342-2399

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Rebecca J. Bishop, hereby certify that on this 21<sup>st</sup> day of April, 2004, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document, NOTICE OF DEPOSITION, was served via e-mail delivery and first class mail postage prepaid on:

Mary E. Innis
Nerissa Coyle McGinn
LOEB & LOEB LLP
200 South Wacker Drive
Suite 3100
Chicago, Illinois 60606
(312) 674-4780
minnis@loeb.com
nmcginn@loeb.com

Rebecca J. Bishop

In the Matter of Registration No. 2,684,138: PAVERCAT Registered on the Principal Register on February 4, 2003, in International Class 7

والمراجعة والمالي

CATERPILLAR INC	·••	)
	Petitioner,	)
٧.		) Cancellation No. 41,776
PAVE TECH, INC.,		)
	Registrant.	)

#### NOTICE OF RULE 30(b)(6) DEPOSITION

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, on May 5, 2004, commencing at 9:30 a.m. and continuing until completed, Registrant, Pave Tech, Inc., will depose on oral examination Caterpillar, Inc. ("Caterpillar") located at 100 Northeast Adams Street, Peoria, IL 61062, on the topics set forth in attached Schedule A. The deposition will be held at the offices of Howard & Howard Attorneys, P.C., One Technology Plaza, Suite 600, 211 Fulton Street, Peoria, Illinois 61602-1350, or at such other place and time as counsel may agree.

Caterpillar is instructed to designate one or more witnesses most familiar with each category who will testify about each category, on Caterpillar's behalf, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(b)(6). Caterpillar is requested to provide and have available all documents previously called for production by Registrant to the extent not previously produced, specifically including but not limited to item 18 in Schedule A.

The deposition will take place pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure before a notary public or before some other officer authorized by law to administer oaths by the laws of the United States or of the place where the examination is held, with such adjournments as to

time and place as may be necessary. Counsel for Caterpillar is invited to attend and crossexamine.

Respectfully submitted,

PAVE TECH, INC.

By its attorneys,

Dated: April 21, 2004

Rebecca Jo Bishop (MN Bar No. 298,165) Karen D. McDaniel (MN Bar No. 194,554)

12237

ALTERA LAW GROUP 6500 City West Parkway

Suite 100

Eden Prairie, MN 55344 Telephone: (952) 253-4100

Fax: (952) 912-0574

Michael J. O'Loughlin (MN Bar No. 81,607) MICHAEL J. O'LOUGHLIN & ASSOC, P.A.

400 South 4th Street

1012 Grain Exchange Building

Minneapolis, MN 55415 Telephone: (612) 342-0351

Fax: (612) 342-2399

#### **SCHEDULE A**

- 1. The business of Petitioner, "Petitioner" hereinafter referring inclusively to Caterpillar, Inc., its predecessors in interest, any parent entities, its subsidiaries and related organizations and the officers, directors, employees, agents and representatives thereof, collectively referred to as "Petitioner";
- 2. The marks of Petitioner, hereinafter defined as those trademarks, service marks and design marks alleged in the Notice of Opposition, collectively referred to as "the Caterpillar marks";
- 3. Petitioner's efforts to seek federal trademark and/or service mark protection for the Caterpillar marks and the present status of each such registration and application for the Caterpillar marks.
- 4. The use in commerce of the Caterpillar marks;
- The goods and services on which the Caterpillar marks are used;
- 6. The advertising, marketing and promotion of all of Petitioner's products or services sold in connection with the Caterpillar marks.
- 7. The marketplace in which Petitioner's goods and services under the Caterpillar marks are marketed and sold, including channels of trade, how sales are made, the purchase decision, and delivery of the goods or services;
- 8. The current, prior and potential customers of Petitioner who purchase goods or services sold under the Caterpillar marks;
- Industry trade shows, conventions and seminars attended by Petitioner;
- 10. Memberships held by Petitioner in industry organizations;
- 11. Petitioner's Pneumatic Cat Lift machine;
- 12. Petitioner's compact equipment;
- 13. Petitioner's skid steer loader equipment;
- 14. Any of Petitioner's products or services that Petitioner contends is similar to or performs the functions of Registrant's PAVERCAT equipment;
- 15. The paving industry, including but not limited to asphalt paving, general information about the marketplace of the paving industry, Petitioner's goods and services under the Caterpillar marks offered in the paving industry and the like;

- 17. The segmental paver industry, general information about the marketplace of the segmental paver industry, Petitioner's involvement or promotional activities in the segmental paver industry, including goods or services offered under the Caterpillar marks used in connection with the segmental paver industry, and the like;
- 18. The development, placement and removal of content on Petitioner's web site;
- 19. Any research, survey, trademark search, test, poll, interview, study or investigation related to Registrant, the mark PAVERCAT, or the Caterpillar marks, or relating to third-party trademarks or service marks incorporating in whole or in part the word CAT, either as a free standing designation or joined with other terms in a composite expression;
- 20. Petitioner's knowledge of third-party use, registration or application to register names, marks or terms which are composed in whole or in part of the word CAT or are or may be confusingly similar to or dilutive of the Caterpillar marks or the mark PAVERCAT;
- 21. Any of Petitioner's prior or current assertions of trademark rights against third parties regarding the Caterpillar marks, including past or current enforcement actions, oppositions, cancellations, state or federal lawsuits, settlement agreements and the like;
- 22. Registrant's use of the PAVERCAT mark;

972,32

- 23. The factual basis for Petitioner's allegation that there is a likelihood of confusion, mistake or deception caused by the co-existence of the Caterpillar marks and Registrant's mark PAVERCAT;
- 24. The factual basis for Petitioner's allegation that the registration of the trademark PAVERCAT is and will continue to be damaging to Petitioner;
- 25. All claimed instances of actual confusion, if any, caused by the co-existence of the Caterpillar marks and Registrant's mark PAVERCAT;
- 26. Any facts on which Petitioner intends to rely to support a contention that Petitioner sells equipment that performs the same functions as Registrant's PAVERCAT equipment;
- 27. Any facts on which Petitioner intends to rely to support a contention that Petitioner sells equipment in the same channel of trade in which Registrant sells its PAVERCAT equipment;

28. Identification and authentication of all documents produced in response to Registrant's discovery requests.

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Rebecca J. Bishop, hereby certify that on this 21<sup>st</sup> day of April, 2004, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document, NOTICE OF RULE 30(b)(6) DEPOSITION, was served via e-mail delivery and first class mail postage prepaid on:

Mary E. Innis
Nerissa Coyle McGinn
LOEB & LOEB LLP
200 South Wacker Drive
Suite 3100
Chicago, Illinois 60606
(312) 674-4780
minnis@loeb.com
nmcginn@loeb.com

Rebecca J. Bishop

In the Matter of Registration No. 2,684,138: PAVERCAT Registered on the Principal Register on February 4, 2003, in International Class 7

CATERPILLAR IN	C.,	)	
	Petitioner,	)	Cancellation No. 41,776
v.		)	Cancellation No. 41,770
PAVE TECH, INC.	,	)	
	Registrant.	)	
	Kegishant.	,	

#### **DECLARATION OF MARY E. INNIS**

- 1. I am an attorney with Loeb & Loeb LLP, 200 South Wacker, Suite 3100, Chicago, Illinois 60606, counsel of Petitioner, Caterpillar Inc. ("Caterpillar"). I am one of the lawyers primarily responsible for the above captioned matter on Caterpillar's behalf. In such capacity, I submit this affidavit in support of Caterpillar's Reply in Support of its Motion for Protective Order, Reply in Support of its Motion for Extension of the Discovery and Testimony Periods, and Response to Pave Tech's Motion to Quash and for Protective Order. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein and can testify competently hereto.
- 2. At the February 23 and 24<sup>th</sup> depositions of Steven Jones and Bob Cramer, I told Pave Tech's attorney that Caterpillar intended to send Pave Tech a settlement proposal after receiving and reviewing the deposition transcripts. Moreover, Pave Tech's counsel indicated that he did not want to discuss settlement until had had a chance to review the deposition transcripts. Caterpillar did not receive the deposition transcripts until well into March.



CH23621.1 40076000044 06/01/2004 ncm 3. I also told Pave Tech's counsel at the February 23 and 24<sup>th</sup> depositions that Caterpillar intended to take the depositions of Glenn Wrobeleski and Dale Sopkowiak. Both of these witnesses were identified during the depositions as people who had direct contact via telephone at trade shows with consumers who possibly could be confused between the Caterpillar Marks and the PAVERCAT mark.

4. On April 21, 2004 – two weeks before the end of discovery and a year after discovery opened– I received Pave Tech's first written notice that it intended to take any depositions. On that day, I received the deposition notices for Gene Bolmarcich in Illinois, for Terry Sharpe in Minnesota, and a 30(b)(6) witness.

5. Because of the breadth of the twenty-eight 30(b)(6) deposition topics, multiple deponents would have had to identify multiple witnesses to cover all of these topics. It is very possible that not all of these witnesses would be located in Peoria. In fact, one of the witnesses may be located in Texas.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on the 1st day of June, 2004.

Date: June 1, 2004

Mary E. Innis

----Original Message----

Rebecca Bishop [mailto:rbishop@alteralaw.com] From:

Sent: Wed Apr 21 11:40:51 2004 Mary Innis; Nerissa McGinn To:

Rebecca Bishop; minnlaw@mn.rr.com

Caterpellar v. Pave Tech Cancellation (Our Ref. 01000.0319-US-TA) Cc: Subject:

Ms. Innis and Ms. Coyle McGinn,

Good afternoon. Please find attached and served on you three Notices of Deposition by Pave Tech, Inc. in connection with the above-identified cancellation matter. I am also sending a copy via U.S. mail today. As stated in the notices, Pave Tech is open to discussing alterations in the deposition times and places, but did attempt to notice the deponents in the jurisdiction in which, to the best of our knowledge, they reside.

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I intend to call one of you this afternoon to introduce myself and to discuss the notices further. If you have any questions before then, please do not hesitate to contact me at the information below.

Very truly yours, Rebecca Bishop

ALTERA LAW GROUP 6500 City West Parkway Suite 100 Eden Prairie, MN 55344-7704 952.253.4100 (direct) 952.912.0574 (fax) RBishop@AlteraLaw.com www.AlteraLaw.com

This message is meant to be read only by the recipient(s) listed above, and may contain confidential information and/or information protected by an ATTORNEY/CLIENT PRIVILEGE. you have received this message in error, please delete all copies of this message and contact us at 952-253-4100. Thank you.



In the Matter of Registration No. 2,684,138: PAVERCAT Registered on the Principal Register on February 4, 2003, in International Class 7

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CATERPILLAR INC	••,	)	
v.	Petitioner,	)	Cancellation No. 41,776
PAVE TECH, INC.,		)	
	Registrant.	)	



# DECLARATION OF NERISSA COYLE MCGINN IN SUPPORT OF CATERPILLAR'S MOTION FOR EXTENSION

- 1. I am an attorney with Loeb & Loeb LLP, 200 South Wacker, Suite 3100, Chicago, Illinois 60606, counsel of Petitioner, Caterpillar Inc. ("Caterpillar"). I am one of the lawyers primarily responsible for the above captioned matter on Caterpillar's behalf. In such capacity, I submit this affidavit in support of Caterpillar's Motion for Extension of the Discovery and Testimony Periods. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein and can testify competently hereto.
- 2. On April 21, 2004, Pave Tech served three notices of depositions on Caterpillar for the last three days before discovery closes on May 5, 2004. The depositions noticed were for the following persons: Terry G. Sharp on May 3, 2004 in Eden Prairie, Minnesota; Gene Bolmarcich on May 4, 2004 in Peoria, Illinois, and Caterpillar's 30(b)(6) witnesses on May 5, 2004 in Peoria, Illinois. Exhibit A, Pave Tech Notices of Depositions. In the e-mail accompanying the notices of depositions, Pave Tech's counsel indicated that Pave Tech was open to "alterations in the deposition times and places."

CH23381.1 6666666666 04/30/2004 lp



3. On April 22<sup>nd</sup>, Caterpillar's counsel responded to Pave Tech's e-mail stating that both of Caterpillar's attorneys would be out of the office from May 1<sup>st</sup> to May 7<sup>th</sup> and that the depositions would have to be rescheduled. In that same e-mail, Caterpillar's counsel stated the parties "would need to agree to extend the discovery period to schedule the depositions and further depositions on our end."

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- 4. On April 27, 2004, Caterpillar's counsel spoke with Pave Tech's attorney, Rebecca Bishop, regarding an extension of the discovery schedule, the additional depositions that Caterpillar intended to take, and a potential settlement. During that conversation, Caterpillar's counsel requested a 60 day extension of the discovery deadline for both of the parties to take the depositions they had requested. Ms. Bishop indicated that Pave Tech would be willing to agree to a 30 day extension of discovery but that she would have to ask her client before she could agree to a 60 day extension of discovery.
- 5. On April 28, 2004, Caterpillar sent Pave Tech a letter with a settlement proposal. In addition to the settlement proposal, the letter also attached two notices of depositions for Dale Sapkowiak on May 14, 2004 and Glen Wrobleski on May 12, 2004. These were the two depositions Caterpillar had referred to in its April 22, 2003 e-mail.
- 6. On April 29, 2004, Pave Tech's attorney reneged on its previous agreements to extend the discovery period and to reschedule the May 3-5 depositions. Pave Tech's counsel suddenly insisted on taking the depositions on May 3-5 unless Caterpillar would agree to a "unilateral" extension of time. The terms of this "unilateral" extension of time would allow Pave Tech to take its three depositions after the close of

discovery, but would preclude Caterpillar from taking the two depositions that it had noticed up during the discovery period.

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7. Caterpillar argued that this proposal directly violated the oral agreement between the parties discussed on April 27<sup>th</sup>. Not surprisingly, Pave Tech's attorney denied that she had agreed to an extension of time claiming that she had stated that "I do not have a problem with the 30 day extension", not that her client does not have problem with the 30 day extension. Pave Tech did not deny that it had previously stated that it would be willing to reschedule with depositions.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Nerissa Coyle McGinn

Executed on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of April, 2004.

Date: April 30, 2004

CH23381.1 6666666666 04/30/2004 lp



A LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP INCLUDING PROFESSIONAL CORPORATIONS 200 S. WACKER DRIVE **SUITE 3100** CHICAGO, IL 60606-5867

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April 28, 2004



## VIA FACSIMILE & U.S. MAIL

Michael J. O'Loughlin Michael J. O'Loughlin & Associates, P.A. 400 South 4th Street 1012 Grain Exchange Building Minneapolis, MN 55415

Rebecca Jo Bishop Altera Law Group 6500 City West Parkway Suite 100 Eden Pairie, MN 55322

Caterpillar Inc. v. Pave Tech, Inc. Re:

Dear Michael:

After reviewing the deposition testimony of Stephen Jones and Robert Cramer, Caterpillar believes that the deposition testimony establishes that there is a likelihood of confusion between the Caterpillar Marks and Pave Tech's PAVERCAT mark. The most damning of the evidence against Pave Tech is the fact that one of Pave Tech's 30(b)(6) witnesses admitted that there is a possibility of confusion between the two marks. In his deposition, Bob Cramer admitted that he believed there was a possibility that attendees at trade shows might mistakenly believe that the PAVERCAT product was somehow associated with Caterpillar. Cramer, p. 34-35.

In addition to this admission, Caterpillar also believes the deposition testimony demonstrates a likelihood of confusion between the PAVERCAT and the Caterpillar Marks because the marks, the products sold in connection with the marks, and the markets in which the products are sold are confusingly similar. First, the addition of the descriptor "paver" does not sufficiently distinguish the PAVERCAT mark from the Caterpillar Marks. The only difference between the CAT and PAVERCAT marks is the word "paver" which Pave Tech has admitted is generic for the type of brick used in segmental paving. Jones, p. 11, 16-17; Cramer, p. 47. The Board repeatedly has ruled that the combination of a descriptive or generic term such as "paver" with a famous mark such as the CAT mark does not adequately distinguish the challenged mark from the CAT mark. Caterpillar Inc. v. Gehl Company, 177 U.S.P.Q. 343 (TTAB 1973) (holding that Caterpillar's mark CAT and respondent's mark HYDRACAT were

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#### LOEB&LOEBLLP

Michael J. O'Loughlin Rebecca Jo Bishop April 28, 2004 Page 2

confusingly similar); Caterpillar v. Electric Carrior Corp., 201 U.S.P.Q. 778 (T.T.A.B. 1978) (sustaining Caterpillar's opposition against applicant's mark ELECTRICAT).

Moreover, Pave Tech has a family of marks which combine two generic terms such as the following:

- PAVEREXTRACTOR a tool used to extract pavers
- 2. PAVERCART a cart used to transport pavers
- PAVERADJUSTER a tool used to adjust pavers.

Similar to Pave Tech's other marks, Caterpillar believes that the PAVERCAT mark is a combination of two terms being used descriptively. As admitted by Pave Tech, the term "paver" is descriptive of the type of bricks used in the segmental paving industry. Moreover, both Stephen Jones and Bob Cramer admitted that CAT is a well-known or famous brand name for heavy equipment. Cramer, p. 48; Jones, p. 42-43. Therefore, Pave Tech is using the term "cat" to intentionally trade on the goodwill of the Caterpillar Marks in connection with heavy equipment.

Second, the PAVERCAT and Caterpillar products are confusingly similar. Despite the fact that Pave Tech attempted to distinguish the PAVERCAT product from a Caterpillar skid steer loader, Bob Cramer admitted during his deposition that both a skid steer loader and a PAVERCAT perform some of the same functions — back dragging and moving pavers. Cramer, p. 47. Moreover, Pave Tech admitted that Pave Tech has used and continues to use skid steer loaders instead of the PAVERCAT product for installing segmental pavers and in demonstrations. Jones, p. 75; Cramer, p. 9-18.

Third, the PAVERCAT and Caterpillar products are sold in the same market. Pave Tech attempted to distinguish Caterpillar markets by claiming that the target market for the PAVERCAT is the small, niche segmental paver market. However, as admitted by Stephen Jones, this niche market is a subset of the general construction and landscaping markets — both of which are Caterpillar target markets. Jones, p. 71-72, In addition to this admission, it is clear from Bob Cramer's testimony that Caterpillar and Pave Tech's marketing efforts overlap. Bob Cramer, Pave Tech's

#### LOEB&LOEBLEP

Michael J. O'Loughlin Rebecca Jo Bishop April 28, 2004 Page 3

> 30(b)(6) witness on trade shows, admitted that Caterpillar and Pave Tech attended the same trade shows. Cramer, p. 34. The trade shows which both Caterpillar and Pave Tech attended include the following: the World of Concrete 2000 (which is the first trade show where Pave Tech first introduced the PAVERCAT); the World of Concrete 2001, the Green Industry Expo 2002, and the Green Industry Expo 2003. Cramer, p. 9-18, 23-24, 33, 39-40. Therefore, Caterpillar and Pave Tech's markets overlap.

> Because the deposition testimony strongly supports Caterpillar's arguments that there is a likelihood of confusion between the marks, Caterpillar suggests settling this matter. Caterpillar has attached a proposed settlement agreement to this letter as Exhibit 1.

> Caterpillar believes settling this matter before either party incurrs any additional discovery expenses will be best for both parties. In addition, Caterpillar believes that settlement in this action is particularly attractive for Pave Tech since it is no longer using the PAVERCAT mark and has no plans to use the PAVERCAT mark in the future. However, Caterpillar would be willing to discuss an appropriate phase out period if necessary.

> If Pave Tech does not agree to the terms of the attached settlement agreement, Caterpillar intends to aggressively proceed with the outstanding discovery issues. This would include deposing both Glenn Wrobleski and Dale Sopkowiak. attached notices of deposition as Exhibit 2 for both of these witnesses with tentative dates for the depositions that we can discuss in the future. Caterpillar would like to conduct these depositions in early May if Pave Tech does not agree to settle this matter by that time.

Nerissa McGinn

for Loeb & Loeb LLP

NCM:lp 40076000044 CH23143.1

#### SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Settlement Agreement ("Agreement) is made and entered into between Caterpillar Inc. ("Caterpillar), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Peoria, Illinois and Pave Tech, Inc. ("Pave Tech"), a Minnesota corporation with its principal place of business in Prior Lake, Minnesota. This Agreement is effective as of the date of the last required signature below (the "Effective Date").

WHEREAS, Caterpillar is a Delaware corporation with business operations in many areas, including the development, manufacture, distribution, marketing and sale of earthmoving and construction equipment, repair and maintenance services thereof, and the distribution through licensees and otherwise of a wide variety of licensed merchandise including casual clothing, and promotional items, such as note pads, stationary portfolios, pencils, and pens.

WHEREAS, Caterpillar owns the CATERPILLAR and CAT marks and the CATERPILLAR and CAT marks and design marks, for a variety of goods and services, including as a trademark for heavy equipment (the "Caterpillar Marks") and owns registrations for the marks in the United States Patent and Trademark Office, including U.S. Registration Nos. 277,416, 564,272, 1,579,437, and 2,448,848.

WHEREAS, Pave Tech is a Minnesota corporation located in Prior Lake, Minnesota.

WHEREAS, in 2000, subsequent to Caterpillar's use of the Caterpillar Marks,

CH23128.1 40076000044 04/27/2004 lp



Pave Tech adopted and began using the mark PAVERCAT in connection with the sale of machines and machine parts used to aid in the installation of segmental pavers.

WHEREAS, on January 28, 2000, Pave Tech filed an application to register the mark PAVERCAT for "machines and machine parts used to aid in the installation of segmental pavers." The application matured to registration on February 4, 2003.

WHEREAS, Caterpillar has objected to Pave Tech's use and petitioned to cancel Pave Tech's PAVERCAT registration (Reg. No. 2,684,138); and

WHEREAS, the parties desire the resolve and settle Caterpillar's objections and Cancellation No. 92,041,776.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing, the covenants and agreements set forth herein, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which the parties hereby accept and acknowledge, the parties agree as follows:

- Simultaneously with its execution of this Agreement, Pave Tech will 1. execute the attached Surrender for Cancellation in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A and thereby irrevocably abandons its rights in and to Federal Registration No. 2,684,138 for the PAVERCAT mark together with the goodwill symbolized by and associated with the mark.
  - As of the Effective Date of this Agreement, Pave Tech shall permanently 2. cease all use of PAVERCAT and shall not use or attempt to register any name or mark that a) is an imitation or simulation of any of Caterpillar's trademarks; b) includes the 40076000044

04/27/2004 lp

word "CAT" or "KAT" or c) is likely to dilute the distinctiveness of any of the Caterpillar trademark or tarnish the goodwill associated with any of them.

- 3. Within seven (7) days after the Effective Date, Pave Tech shall supply Caterpillar's counsel all materials that bear the PAVERCAT mark for destruction and execute the affidavit attached as Exhibit B.
- 4. Each party shall bear its own costs and attorneys' fees incurred with respect to this action and with respect to this agreement except as described in Paragraph 12.
- 5. Waiver of any breach of this Agreement shall be ineffective unless in writing and signed by the Party having waived compliance and shall not be considered a waiver of any other breach.
- 6. This Agreement, along with its attachments, represents the entire understanding of the Parties with respect to the subjects covered by the Agreement, replaces any prior written or oral agreements, and may not be changed or modified except by a writing signed by both Parties.
- 7. This Agreement shall bind the Parties, their officers, directors, representatives, licensees, agents, successors, assigns, affiliates, subsidiaries, divisions, shareholders, and all parties in active concert of participation with any of them, and is effective worldwide.
- 8. Pave Tech shall maintain the terms of this Agreement and the circumstances leading up to and surrounding this Agreement in confidence and, except as CH23128.1
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  04/27/2004 lp

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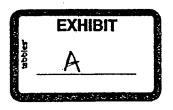
necessary to comply with a court order to secure legal advice, shall not disclose those terms and circumstances to others, without Caterpillar's prior, written consent.

- 9. The provisions of this Agreement are severable. If any provision of this Agreement is held invalid, illegal, or unenforceable, the remainder of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect, provided the essential purposes of the Agreement are maintained.
- 10. The Agreement was negotiated and reviewed by each party's legal counsel and there will be no presumption for or against any party on the grounds that another party prepared the Agreement.
- 11. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois without regard to choice of law principles.
- 12. In any action to enforce this Agreement, the prevailing Party shall be entitled to recover its actual attorneys' fees and costs in addition to any other remedy to which it is entitled.
- 13. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts. Signatures on separate originals shall constitute and be of the same effect as signatures on the same original.
- 14. The undersigned warrant that they have the authority to sign this Agreement on behalf of the Party for whom he or she has signed.

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In the Matter of Regis Registered on the Prin	stration No. 2,684,138: ncipal Register on Febru	PAVERCAT nary 4, 2003, in International Class 7	
CATERPILLAR INC	·.,	)	
	Petitioner,	) ) Cancellation No. 41,776	
	v.	)	
PAVE TECH, INC.,		) )	
	Registrant.	) ) )	
SURRENDER FOR CANCELLATION			
Purusant to 3	37 C.F.R. 2.172, Respon	dent hereby surrenders for cancellation	
United States Regist	tration No. 2,684,138 fo	r all classes. Attached as Exhibit A is the	
original certificate o	of registration.		
		Respectfully submitted,	
Dated:		PAVE TECH, INC.	
		Michael J. O'Loughlin Michael J. O'Loughlin & Associates P.A. 400 South 4 <sup>th</sup> Street 1012 Grain Exchange Building Minneapolis, MN 55415 Tel. (612) 332-0351	



CH23158.1 40076000044 04/07/2004 ncm

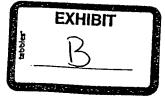
In the Matter of Registration No. 2,684,138: PAVERCAT Registered on the Principal Register on February 4, 2003, in International Class 7

CATERPILLAR INC	••	)
	Petitioner,	) Cancellation No. 41,776
PAVE TECH, INC.,	v. Registrant.	) ) ) )
DECL	ARATION OF _	)

1. My name is \_\_\_\_\_\_. I work for Pave Tech, Inc. ("Pave Tech") which is located in Prior Lake, Minnesota. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein and can testify competently hereto.

- 2. Caterpillar, Inc. ("Caterpillar") and Pave Tech have agreed to resolve and settle Caterpillar's objections to Pave Tech's use of the PAVERCAT mark and Cancellation No. 41,766. Attached as Exhibit 1 is a copy of the signed Settlement Agreement between Caterpillar and Pave Tech.
- 3. Pave Tech has complied with Paragraph 1 of the attached Settlement Agreement by executing the Surrender of Cancellation attached as Exhibit A to the Settlement Agreement and thereby irrevocably abandoning its rights in and to Federal Registration No. 2,684,138, for the PAVERCAT Mark together with the goodwill symbolized by and associated with the mark.

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- 4. Pave Tech has complied with Paragraph 2 of the attached Settlement Agreement by permanently ceasing all use of the PAVERCAT mark.
- 5. Pave Tech has complied with Paragraph 3 of the attached Settlement Agreement by supplying to Caterpillar's counsel all materials that bear the PAVERCAT mark for destruction and by sending Caterpillar's counsel a copy of this executed affidavit.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on the \_\_\_th of April, 2004.

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned attorney hereby certifies that true and correct copy of the foregoing **AMENDED NOTICE OF DEPOSITION** was served via facsimile and U.S. Mail on April 28, 2004 to the following counsel of record:

Michael J. O'Loughlin Michael J. O'Loughlin & Associates, P.A. 1012 Grain Exchange Building 400 South 4<sup>th</sup> Street Minneapolis, MN 55415

CH23310.1 40076000044 04/27/2004 lp

In the Matter of Registration No. 2,684,138: Registered on the Principal Register on Febru	PAVERCAT uary 4, 2003, in International Class 7
CATERPILLAR INC.,	)
v. Petitioner, v. PAVE TECH, INC.,	) Cancellation No. 41,776 ) )
Registrant.	)

## NOTICE OF DEPOSITION

TO: Michael J. O'Loughlin
Michael J. O'Loughlin & Associates, P.A.
1012 Grain Exchange Building
400 South 4<sup>th</sup> Street
Minneapolis, MN 55415

On Wednesday, May 12, 2004, beginning at 9:30 am, Petitioner, Caterpillar Inc., will depose the person identified below before a court reporter or other person qualified to administer oaths. The depositions will take place at Brown and James Reporting, 312 E. Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 608, Milwaukee, WI 53202 and continue until completed. The deposition shall be recorded by means chosen by Petitioner. The deponent shall be the following:

1. Glen Wrobleski

Dated: April 28, 2004

LOEB & LOEB LLP

By: 4

Mary E. Innis

Nerissa Coyle McGinn

200 South Wacker Drive, Suite 3100

Chicago, Illinois 60606 Telephone: (312) 674-4780

Facsimile: (312) 674-4779

Attorneys for Petitioner

EXHIBIT

2

In the Matter of Registration No. 2,684,1 Registered on the Principal Register on F	38: PAVERCAT February 4, 2003, in International Class 7
CATERPILLAR INC.,	)
Petitioner, v.	Cancellation No. 41,776
PAVE TECH, INC.,	)
Registrant.	)

#### NOTICE OF DEPOSITION

TO: Michael J. O'Loughlin Michael J. O'Loughlin & Associates, P.A. 1012 Grain Exchange Building 400 South 4<sup>th</sup> Street Minneapolis, MN 55415

On Friday, May 14, 2004, beginning at 9:30 am, Petitioner, Caterpillar Inc., will depose the person identified below before a court reporter or other person qualified to administer oaths. The depositions will take place at Lindquist & Vennum P.L.L.P., 4200 IDS Center, 80 South 8<sup>th</sup> Street, Minneapolis, MN 55402 and continue until completed. The deposition shall be recorded by means chosen by Petitioner. The deponent shall be the following:

Dale Sapkowiak

Dated: April 28, 2004

LOEB & LOEB LLP

By:

Mary E. Innis

Nerissa Coyle McGinn

200 South Wacker Drive, Suite 3100

Chicago, Illinois 60606

Telephone: (312) 674-4780 Facsimile: (312) 674-4779

Attorneys for Petitioner

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

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The undersigned attorney hereby certifies that true and correct copy of the foregoing AMENDED NOTICE OF DEPOSITION was served via facsimile and U.S. Mail on April 28, 2004 to the following counsel of record:

Michael J. O'Loughlin Michael J. O'Loughlin & Associates, P.A. 1012 Grain Exchange Building 400 South 4<sup>th</sup> Street Minneapolis, MN 55415

CH23309.1 40076000044 04/28/2004 lp



----Original Message----

From: Mary Innis

Sent: Thursday, April 22, 2004 3:18 PM

Subject: RE: Caterpellar v. Pave Tech Cancellation (Our Ref. 01000.0319-US-TA)

Please be advised that both Ms. McGinn and I are out of the office. I do know, however, Ms. Bishop, that we will need to reschedule the depositions as both Nerissa and I are out of the office May 1-7. In addition, I believe that we will need to agree to extend the discovery period to schedule the depositions and further depositions on our end. We also might want to discuss some settlement options. I will call you today if I am able or tomorrow to discuss further.

Regards, Mary Innis

----Original Message----From: Rebecca Bishop [mailto:rbishop@alteralaw.com]

Sent: Wednesday, April 21, 2004 1:38 PM

To: Mary Innis; Nerissa McGinn

Cc: Rebecca Bishop; minnlaw@mn.rr.com

Subject: Caterpellar v. Pave Tech Cancellation (Our Ref. 01000.0319-US-TA)

Ms. Innis and Ms. Coyle McGinn,

Good afternoon. Please find attached and served on you three Notices of Deposition by Pave Tech, Inc. in connection with the above-identified cancellation matter. I am also sending a copy via U.S. mail today. As stated in the notices, Pave Tech is open to discussing alterations in the deposition times and places, but did attempt to notice the deponents in the jurisdiction in which, to the best of our knowledge, they reside.

I intend to call one of you this afternoon to introduce myself and to discuss the notices further. If you have any questions before then, please do not hesitate to contact me at the information below.

Very truly yours, Rebecca Bishop



المختصة

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6500 City West Parkway
Suite 100
Eden Prairie, MN 55344-7704
952.253.4100 (direct)
952.912.0574 (fax)
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(2004)